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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE Michael A. Pouchak H0005578 (1161.1125101) 3616 08/18/2003 10/643,376 **EXAMINER** 05/27/2004 128 7590 TANNER, HARRY B

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC. 101 COLUMBIA ROAD P O BOX 2245 MORRISTOWN, NJ 07962-2245

PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT

3744

DATE MAILED: 05/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/643,376	POUCHAK, MICHAEL A.
	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Harry B. Tanner	3744 Shifted correspondence address
Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet with	in the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re ication. 4ays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT I. by statute, cause the application to become ABA	rply be timely filed r (30) days will be considered timely. IFHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on	
,— ·)⊠ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition fo	r allowance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice	under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are pending in the ap	plication.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to t	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objecti		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to I	by the Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action of form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	r foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority d		
	ocuments have been received in A	
3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation	the priority documents have been	received in this National Stage
* See the attached detailed Office action	•	received.
The analysis detailed office action		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)
2)		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/16/04.	6) Other:	
S. Patent and Tradernark Office		

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 9-10 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Farley. Farley discloses a thermostat system having a first means for providing a modulated output and a second means for providing a non-modulated output such that one heating or cooling source is proportionally controlled and the other heating or cooling sources are controlled in an on/off manner (see col. 1, lines 47-56).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flanders in view of Farley. Flanders discloses a control system in which the thermostat provides different temperature setpoints for different times of the day and week and controls the valves of the heating system burners in response to the required heating demand. Farley teaches a thermostat system having a first means for providing a modulated output and a second means for providing a non-modulated output such that one heating or cooling source is proportionally controlled and the other heating or

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cooling sources are controlled in an on/off manner. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Flanders such that it included the use of a thermostat system having a first means for providing a modulated output and a second means for providing a non-modulated output such that one heating valve is proportionally controlled and the other heating valves are controlled in an on/off manner in view of the teachings of Farley.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flanders in view of Farley as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Shyu. Shyu teaches controlling both temperature and humidity setpoints in a time dependent manner (see col.7, lines 20-57). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Flanders such that it included controlling both temperature and humidity setpoints in a time dependent manner in view of the teachings of Shyu.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flanders in view of Farley and Shyu as applied to claim 7 above, and further in view of Kline et al. Kline teaches the use of a personal digital assistant in order to provide user interface to a climate control system (see col. 4, lines 3-21). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Flanders such that it included the use of a personal digital assistant in order to provide user interface to the climate control system in view of the teachings of Kline.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farley as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Kline as applied to claim 8 above.

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Claims 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farley as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Shyu as applied to claim 6 above.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farley as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of Roh et al. Roh teaches the use of an infrared transmitter to provide user interface to a temperature control processor (see 60, 70, 30, 20, 10). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Farley such that it included the use of an infrared transmitter to provide user interface to the temperature control processor in view of the teachings of Roh.

Claims 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farley in view of Shyu as applied to claim 14 above, and further in view of Kline et al as applied to claim 8 above.

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Farley in view of Shyu and Kline et al as applied to claim 18 above, and further in view of Roh et al as applied to claim 21 above.

Claims 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over as over Farley in view of Roh et al applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of Kline et al as applied to claim 8 above.

Claims 25-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over as over Farley in view of Roh et al and Kline et al applied to claim 24 above, and further in view of Shyu as applied to claim 6 above.

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Claims 27, 28 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maciulewicz in view of Pouchak. Maciulewicz discloses a plurality of thermostats connected through a network communication bus to a master controller 12 that controls the heating/ cooling system 28 in response to the temperature control demands of the system. Pouchak teaches the use of a sequencer in order to control a heating system in response to heating load on the system. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the system of Maciulewicz such that it included the use of a sequencer in order to control a heating system in response to heating load on the system in view of the teachings of Pouchak.

Claims 29-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maciulewicz in view of Pouchak as applied to claim 28 above, and further in view of Kline et al as applied to claim 8 above.

Harry B. Tanner Primary Examiner

Harry Tanner May 24, 2004 703-308-2622